16062(J)

June-16

B. Tech 4th Semester Examination

Man Made Fibres (NS)

TE-222

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answerbook (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

Note: Attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each section A, B, C & D of paper and all the subparts of Section E.

SECTION - A

- 1. (a) Give a flowchart of detailed classification of natural and man made fibres. (10)
 - (b) Discuss the synthesis of caprolactum from phenol and aniline. (10)
- 2. (a) Give a comparative assessment of natural and man made fibres. (10)
 - (b) Discuss the synthesis of DMT from p-xylene and acrylonitrile from propylene. (10)

SECTION - B

- (a) Explain briefly the complete production sequence of polyester fibre. Also, discuss the production of PET through TPA and DMT route. (12)
 - (b) Discuss the construction and importance of quenching chamber. (8)
- (a) Mention the difference between Nylon 66 and Nylon 6.
 Discuss the production route for the polymers of these fibres.
 (10)
 - (b) Discuss the construction of extruder and spinneret along with their importance. (10)

[P.T.O.]

SECTION - C

- 5. (a) Explain the principle of wet and dry spinning. Give a comparative assessment between these two. (10)
 - (b) Discuss, in detail, the influence of drawing on the structure and properties of fibres. (10)
- 6. (a) Explain the principle of Dry-jet-wet spinning with a suitable diagram. Where it is used and why? (10)
 - (b) Discuss different types of heat setting treatment given during fibre production along with their advantages and disadvantages. (10)

SECTION - D

- 7. (a) Write a note on Flame retardant fibres and bicomponent fibres production. (10)
 - (b) Discuss different method of measuring molecular weight and fibre denier. (10)
- 8. (a) Discuss the production route of Tencel and micro fibres.

 How tencel is different from viscose fibre? (10)
 - (b) Define different parameters used to measure the quality of a staple fibre. How fibre tenacity and shrinkage is measured? (10)

SECTION - E

- 9. (i) What is a regenerated fibre?
 - (ii) Define tenacity and modulus of a fibre.
 - (iii) What is an antistatic fibre?
 - (iv) What is neck drawing?
 - (v) What is gel spinning?
 - (vi) Why spin finish is applied during fibre production?
 - (vii) Mention the name of polymer for production of acrylic and polypropylene fibres.
 - (viii) Why heat setting is done during fibre production?
 - (ix) What is cationic dyeable polyester fibre.?
 - (x) What are the raw materials of viscose fibres?

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$